

Pearson Edexcel GCSE Maths (9 – 1) Past Exam Questions by Topics:

Solving Non-Linear Simultaneous Equations.



1. Solve algebraically the simultaneous equations

$$2x^2 - y^2 = 17$$
$$x + 2y = 1$$

(5 marks)

2. Solve algebraically the simultaneous equations

 $\begin{aligned} x - 2y &= 10\\ x^2 + y^2 &= 20 \end{aligned}$

3. Solve algebraically the simultaneous equations

 $x^2 + y^2 = 25$ y - 3x = 13

(5 marks)

4. Solve algebraically

 $x^2 + y^2 = 18$ x - 2y = -3

5. C is the curve with equation $y = x^2 - 4x + 4$ L is the straight line with equation y = 2x - 4L intersects C at two points, A and B.

Calculate the exact length of *AB*.

(6 marks)

6. Solve the simultaneous equations

 $2x^2 + 3y^2 = 14$ x = 2y - 3

Show clear algebraic working.

 $y = 5x^2$ y - 4 = 3x

Show your working clearly. Give your solutions correct to 2 decimal places.

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(4 marks)

8. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$y + 2x = 3$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 18$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$y^2 + 4x = 12$$
$$2x + 3y = 10$$

Show clear algebraic working.

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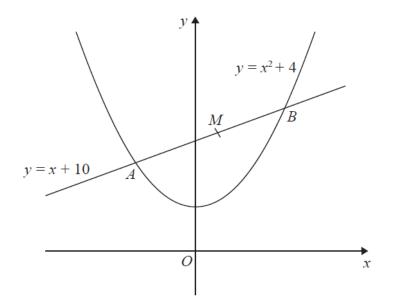
(6 marks)

10. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$x^2 + y^2 = 52$$
$$2x + y = 8$$

Show clear algebraic working.

11. The sketch shows the curve with equation $y = x^2 + 4$ and the line with equation y = x + 10



The line cuts the curve at the points *A* and *B*.

M is the midpoint of *AB*.

Find the coordinates of *M*.

Show clear algebraic working.

$$y = 3x + 2$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 20$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(6 marks)

13. Solve $x^2 + y^2 = 20$

y = 10 - 2x

Show clear algebraic working.

$$y = 2x - 3$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 41$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(6 marks)

15. Solve the simultaneous equations

$$x^2 + y^2 = 26$$
$$y = 3 - 2x$$

Show clear algebraic working.

$$2x - y = 7$$
$$x^2 + y^2 = 34$$

Show clear algebraic working.

(7 marks)

17. Solve the simultaneous equations

 $x^2 + y^2 = 26$

y = 3 - 2x

Show clear algebraic working.