Edexcel Pure Mathematics Year 1 Logarithms

Past paper questions from C2 and IAL C12



Edited by: K V Kumaran



1.	Find, giving your answer to 3 significant figures where appropriate, the value of x for which
	(a) $3^x = 5$, (3)
	(b) $\log_2(2x+1) - \log_2 x = 2$.
2	(4) (Q3, C2 Jan 2005)
2.	
	(a) $5^x = 8$, giving your answer to 3 significant figures, (3)
	(b) $\log_2(x+1) - \log_2 x = \log_2 7$.
	(3) (Q2, C2 June 2005)
3.	(i) Write down the value of $\log_6 36$.
	(i) Express $2 \log_2 3 + \log_2 11$ as a single logarithm to base a
	(ii) Express $2 \log_a 3 + \log_a 11$ as a single logarithm to base a . (3) (Q3, C2 May 2006)
4.	Solve the equation $5^x = 17$, giving your answer to 3 significant figures. (3)
	(Q4, C2 Jan 2007)
5.	(<i>a</i>) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of x for which $8^x = 0.8$. (2)
	(b) Solve the equation
	$2\log_3 x - \log_3 7x = 1.$ (4)
6.	(Q6, C2 May 2007) Given that <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> are positive constants, solve the simultaneous equations
	a = 3b,
	$\log_3 a + \log_3 b = 2.$

Give your answers as exact numbers.

(6) (Q5, C2 Jan 2008)

2

7.	(a) Find, to 3 significant figures, the value of x for which $5^x = 7$.	
		(2)
	(<i>b</i>) Solve the equation $5^{2x} - 12(5^x) + 35 = 0$.	
		(Q4, C2 June 2008)
8.	Given that $0 < x < 4$ and	
	$\log_5 (4 - x) - 2 \log_5 x = 1,$	
	find the value of x.	(6) (O4, C2 Jan 2009)
9.	(<i>a</i>) Find the value of <i>y</i> such that	(21, 01 0000 2000)
	$\log_2 y = -3.$	
		(2)
	(b) Find the values of x such that	
	$\frac{\log_2 32 + \log_2 16}{\log_2 x} = \log_2 x.$	
		(5)
		(Q8, C2 June 2009)
10.	(<i>a</i>) Find the positive value of <i>x</i> such that	
	$\log_x 64 = 2.$	(2)
	(<i>b</i>) Solve for <i>x</i>	(2)
	$\log_2(11 - 6x) = 2\log_2(x - 1) + 3.$	(6)
		(O5, C2 Jan 2010)
11.	(a) Given that	((),
	$2\log_3(x-5) - \log_3(2x-13) = 1,$	
	show that $x^2 - 16x + 64 = 0$.	
		(5)
	(<i>b</i>) Hence, or otherwise, solve $2 \log_3 (x-5) - \log_3 (2x-13) = 1$.	(2)
		(Q7, C2 June 2010)
10	() (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (C · · · · 1 · 1

- (a) Sketch the graph of y = 7^x, x ∈ ℝ, showing the coordinates of any points at which the graph crosses the axes.
 (2)
 - (*b*) Solve the equation

$$7^{2x} - 4(7^x) + 3 = 0,$$

giving your answers to 2 decimal places where appropriate.

(6) (Q8, C2 Jan 2011)



13. Find, giving your answer to 3 significant figures where appropriate, the value of x for which

(a)
$$5^x = 10$$
, (2)

(b)
$$\log_3(x-2) = -1$$
.

- (*a*) show that $\log_3 y = 1 + 2 \log_3 x$.
 - (b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation

$$1 + 2\log_3 x = \log_3 (28x - 9).$$

(3)

(2)

(3)

15. Find the values of *x* such that

14. Given that $y = 3x^2$,

$$2\log_3 x - \log_3(x - 2) = 2$$

(5)

16. Given that $2 \log_2 (x + 15) - \log_2 x = 6$,

- (a) show that $x^2 34x + 225 = 0.$ (5) (b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation $2 \log_2 (x + 15) - \log_2 x = 6.$ (2)
 - (Q6, C2 Jan 2013)

17. (i) Find the exact value of x for which

$$\log_2(2x) = \log_2(5x+4) - 3.$$
 (4)

(ii) Given that

$$\log_a y + 3 \log_a 2 = 5,$$

express y in terms of a.

Give your answer in its simplest form.

(3)

(Q7, C2 May 2013)

18. Given that $\log_3 x = a$, find in terms of *a*,

(a)
$$\log_3(9x)$$

$$(b) \ \log_3\left(\frac{x^5}{81}\right)$$

giving each answer in its simplest form.

(c) Solve, for x,

$$\log_3\left(9x\right) + \log_3\left(\frac{x^5}{81}\right) = 3$$

giving your answer to 4 significant figures.

(4) (Q6, C2 May 2013_R)

19. (*a*) Sketch the graph of

$$y=3^x, x\in\mathbb{R},$$

showing the coordinates of any points at which the graph crosses the axes.

(b) Use algebra to solve the equation $3^{2x} - 9(3^x) + 18 = 0$, giving your answers to 2 decimal places where appropriate.

(5)

(2)

(2)

(3)

(Q8, C2 May 2014)

20. (i) Solve

 $5^{y} = 8$

giving your answers to 3 significant figures.

(ii) Use algebra to find the values of *x* for which

$$\log_2(x+15) - 4 = \frac{1}{2}\log_2 x$$

(6)

(3)

(2)

(Q8, C2 May 2014_R)

- 21. (i) Use logarithms to solve the equation $8^{2x+1} = 24$, giving your answer to 3 decimal places.
 - (ii) Find the values of *y* such that

$$\log_2(11y-3) - \log_2 3 - 2\log_2 y = 1, \qquad y > \frac{3}{11}.$$

(6) (Q7, C2 May 2015)

kumarmaths.weebly.com



22. (i) Given that

$$\log_3(3b+1) - \log_3(a-2) = -1, \qquad a > 2,$$

express *b* in terms of *a*.

(ii) Solve the equation

$$2^{2x+5} - 7(2^x) = 0$$

giving your answer to 2 decimal places.

(4) (Q8, C2 May 2016) 23. $2\log(x+a) = \log(16a^6)$, where a is a positive constant (i) Find x in terms of a, giving your answer in its simplest form. (3) (ii) $\log_3(9y + b) - \log_3(2y - b) = 2$, where b is a positive constant Find y in terms of b, giving your answer in its simplest form. (4) (Q7, C2 May 2017) 24. (i) Find the value of *y* for which $1.01^{y-1} = 500$ Give your answer to 2 decimal places. (2) (ii) Given that $2\log_4(3x+5) = \log_4(3x+8) + 1, \qquad x > -\frac{5}{3}$ (*a*) show that $9x^2 + 18x - 7 = 0$ (4) (*b*) Hence solve the equation $x > -\frac{5}{3}$ $2\log_4(3x+5) = \log_4(3x+8) + 1,$ (2)(Q7, C2 May 2018) 25. (i) Find the real value of *x* such that $\log_x 600 = 3$ Give your answer to 2 decimal places. (2)

(ii) Solve the equation

$$\log_9(3x) + \log_9\left(\frac{x^4}{81}\right) = 2$$

giving the exact answer in the form $x = 3^k$, where k is a rational number.

(5)

(3)

(Q8, C2 May 2019)

kumarmaths.weebly.com

6

26. Given that *a* and *b* are positive constants, solve the simultaneous equations

$$ab = 25$$
$$\log_4 a - \log_4 b = 3$$

Show each step of your working, giving exact values for *a* and *b*.

(6)

(5)

(Q6, IAL C12 Jan 2014)

27. Solve, giving each answer to 3 significant figures, the equations

(a)
$$4^a = 20$$
 (2)

(b)
$$3 + 2\log_2 b = \log_2 (30b)$$

28. Given that

$$2\log_4(2x+3) = 1 + \log_4 x + \log_4(2x-1), x > \frac{1}{2}$$

(*a*) Show that

$$4x^2 - 16x - 9 + 0 \tag{5}$$

(*b*) Hence solve the equation

$$2\log_4(2x+3) = 1 + \log_4 x + \log_4(2x-1), \quad x > \frac{1}{2}$$
(2)

(Q6, IAL C12 Jan 2015)

29. (i) Find, giving your answer to 3 significant figures, the value of y for which

$$3^{y} = 12$$

(ii) Solve, giving an exact answer, the equation

$$\log_2(x+3) - \log_2(2x+4) = 4$$

(You should show each step in your working.)

```
(4)
(Q5, IAL C12 May 2015)
```



(2)

30. (i) Given that

 $\log_a x + \log_a 3 = \log_a 27 - 1$, where *a* is a positive constant

find, in its simplest form, an expression for *x* in terms of *a*.

(ii) Solve the equation

$$(\log_5 y)^2 - 7(\log_5 y) + 12 = 0$$

showing each step of your working.

(4) (Q14, IAL C12 Jan 2016)

31. (*a*) Show that the equation

$$2\log_2 y = 5 - \log_2 x$$
 $x > 0, y > 0$

may be written in the form $y^2 = \frac{k}{x}$ where k is a constant to be found. (3)

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the simultaneous equations

$$2\log_2 y = 5 - \log_2 x$$

$$\log_x y = -3$$

for x > 0, y > 0

(5) (Q13, IAL C12 May 2016)

- Find, giving your answer to 3 significant figures where appropriate, the value of x for 32. which
 - (a) $7^{2x} = 14$ (3)
 - (b) $\log_5(3x+1) = -2$

(2)(Q2, IAL C12 Oct 2016)

33. (*a*) Given that

$$y = \log_3 x$$

find expressions in terms of y for

(i)
$$\log_3\left(\frac{x}{9}\right)$$

(ii)
$$\log_3 \sqrt{x}$$

Write each answer in its simplest form.

(b) Hence or otherwise solve

$$2\log_3\left(\frac{x}{9}\right) - \log_3\sqrt{x} = 2$$
 (4)
(Q5, IAL C12 Jan 2017)

kumarmaths.weebly.com

(3)

(4)

34. (i) Find the exact value of *x* for which

$$2\log_{10} (x-2) - \log_{10} (x+5) = 0$$
(5)

(ii) Given

$$\log_p (4y+1) - \log_p (2y-2) = 1$$
 $p > 2, y > 1$

express y in terms of p.

(5)

(5)

(7)

(Q9, IAL C12 May 2017)

35. (i) Use the laws of logarithms to solve the equation

$$3 \log_8 2 + \log_8 (7 - x) = 2 + \log_8 x$$
(5)

(ii) Using algebra, find, in terms of logarithms, the exact value of y for which

$$3^{2y} + 3^{y+1} = 10$$

(Q10, IAL C12 Jan 2018)

36. Find the exact values of *x* for which

$$2\log_5(x+5) - \log_5(2x+2) = 2$$

Give your answers as simplified surds.

(Q6, IAL C12 May 2018)

37. (i) Find the value of x for which

 $4^{3x+2} = 3^{600}$

giving your answer to 4 significant figures.

(ii) Given that

$$\log_a (3b-2) - 2\log_a 5 = 4, \quad a > 0, a \neq b > \frac{2}{3}$$

find an expression for b in terms of a.

38. (i) Given that *x* is a positive real number, solve the equation

$$\log_x 324 = 4$$

writing your answer as a simplified surd.

(ii) Given that

$$\log_a(5y - 4) - \log_a(2y) = 3 \qquad y > 0.8, \ 0 < a < 1$$

express y in terms of a.

(5)

(3)

(Q11, IAL C12 Jan 2019)

kumarmaths.weebly.com

(4)

(Q13, IAL C12 Oct 2018)

(3)

39. Given that $p = \log_a 9$ and $q = \log_a 10$, where *a* is a constant, find in terms of *p* and *q*,

<i>(a)</i>	$\log a 900$	
		(3)
(<i>b</i>)	loga 0.3	

40. (i) Given that *p* is a positive constant and

$$\log_p 2x - \log_p 5 = 3 + \log_p 8$$

find, in its simplest form, an expression for *x* in terms of *p*.

(4)

(3)

(ii) Solve the equation

$$2(\log_2 y)^2 + 7\log_2 y - 15 = 0$$

Show each step in your working and write your answers as simplified surds where

appropriate.

(5)

(Q12, IAL C12 Oct 2019)

(Q13, IAL C12 May 2017)